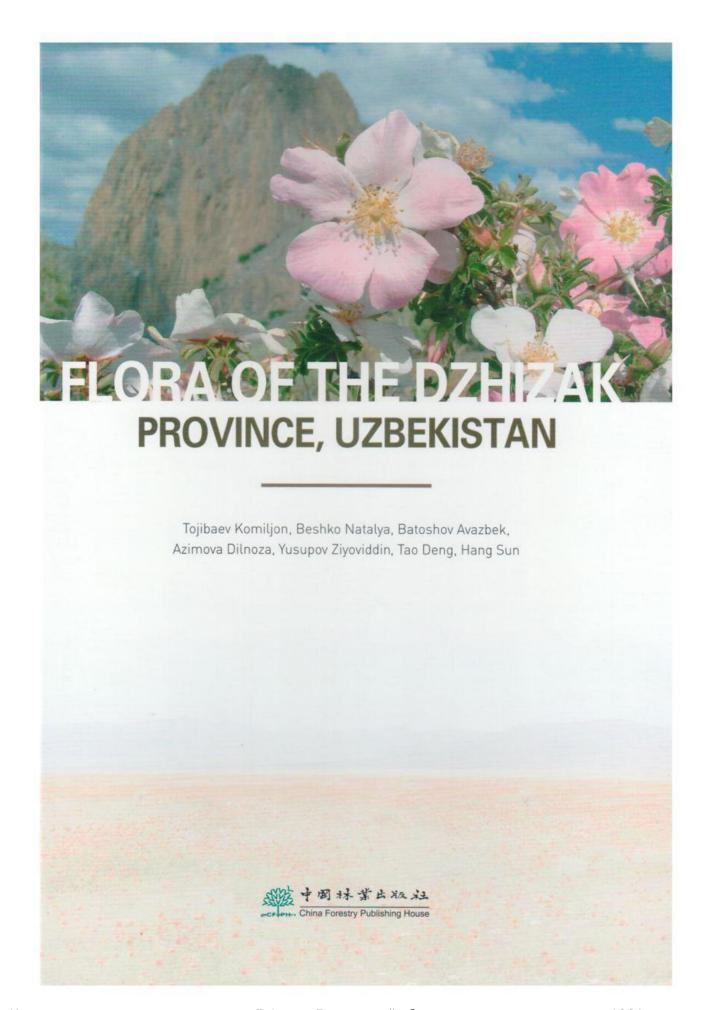
Издана на английском языке "Флора Джизакской области, Узбекистан"

В третьем квартале 2020 года Институтом ботаники Академии наук Республики Узбекистан совместно с Куньминским Институтом ботаники Китайской Академии наук был опубликован долгожданный масштабный научный труд "Флора Джизакской области, Узбекистан" (523 страниц, на английском языке).



Книга содержит данные о природной флоре Джизакской области, которая насчитывает 1964 видов,

относящихся к 613 родам и 105 семействам, фотографии ландшафтов и более 400 видов растений. В числе соавторов книги - директор Института ботаники, академик Тожибаев Комилжон Шаробитдинович и заведующий лабораторией кадастра и мониторинга редких видов растений, к.б.н. Бешко Наталья Юрьевна. Предисловие к книге написано президентом Академии наук Узбекистан, академиком Юлдашевым Бекзодом Садыковичем.



Dzhizak Province is the large region in the central part of the Republic of Uzbekistan, which has a unique history, great political, economic and spiritual status, and this region has a great importance for the development of science, culture and tourism.

Dzhizak Province is characterized by outstanding diversity of natural landscapes and wildlife, including a large number of endemic, rare species, and species of global economic importance. There are represented different ecosystems and cultural landscapes: deserts and lakes, foothills and mountains, croplands and pastures, gardens and vineyards.



The territory has colourful natural landscapes. In the mountains of Zaamin, Bakhmal and Forish districts with an exotic relief and temperate climate, there are juniper, almond and walnut forests, and valuable medicinal and ornamental plants.

The plant diversity of the Dzhizak Province is extremely rich, and its detailed study is very important. This book provides detailed information about almost 2000 wild-growing plant species of the Dzhizak Province, as well as their images. This is the fruitful result of extensive joint research performed by Uzbek and Chinese botanists.

Uzbekistan and China are neighbors and partners along the belt and road. In recent years, the Academy of Sciences of the Republic of Uzbekistan has been working more and more closely with the Chinese Academy of Sciences. In particular, the Institute of Botany, Academy of Sciences of the Republic of Uzbekistan and the Kunming Institute of Botany, Chinese Academy of Sciences, within the framework of projects devoted to the study and protection of plant diversity, sustainable use of plant resources in the two countries, have made good achievements in joint scientific researches, personnel training and other aspects. The Global Allium Garden with Kunming center and Tashkent center has been created in collaboration of Chinese and Uzbek sides. These unique living collections conserve and display the outstanding global diversity of Allium species, provide resource support for systematic and thorough research on this group of plants, knowledge dissemination, education, environmental protection, etc.

Academician Yuldashev Bekhzod Sadikovich The President of Academy of Sciences of the Republic of Uzbekistan